2017 CERTIFICATION 2018 JUN-1 AM 9: 44

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

	North Decatur Water	Association	n, Inc.			
Q 	Public Wate	er System Name				
	0510012					
List	t PWS ID #s for all Community	y Water Systems	s included in this	CCR		
The Federal Safe Drinking Wat a Consumer Confidence Report must be mailed or delivered to request. Make sure you follow mail, a copy of the CCR and (t (CCR) to its customers each the customers, published in a temper procedures when description to the MSDH.	year. Depending newspaper of lo- listributing the Call lease check all be	g on the population cal circulation, or CCR. You must boxes that apply.	on served to provided email, fax	to the custo (but not pr	omers upon referred) or
Customers were inform	ned of availability of CCR by	y: (Attach cop)	y of publication,	, water bil	ll or other,)
	dvertisement in local paper (Attach copy of	f advertisement)			
□ □ Or	n water bills (Attach copy of	bill)				
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CCR was published in	local newspaper. (Attach co	py of publishe	ed CCR <u>or</u> proof	of public	ation)	
Name of Newspaper:	The Newton	County App	eal			
Date Published:5	/ 16/ 2018 and 5/23/	2018				
CCR was posted in pul	olic places. (Attach list of lo	cations)	Date Pos	ted:	/ 201	8
CCR was posted on a p	oublicly accessible internet s	ite at the follow	wing address:			
				(P	rovide Dir	rect URL)
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the CCR has above and that I used distribution and correct and is consistent with of Health, Bureau of Public Water	n methods allowed by the SDW the water quality monitoring da or Supply	A. I further cert	ne PWS officials by	anon incin	aea m mus	CCV IS HIRE
George A. Smith, Pre		_	ny 29,2018 Date			
Name/Title (President, Mayor, C	owner, etc.)		- ale			
	Submission options (
Mail: (U.S. Postal S MSDH, Bureau of Pu	Service) blic Water Supply		Email: water.rep		h.ms.gov	

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2018!

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report North Decatur Water Association PWS#: 0510012 April 2018

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the North Decatur Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jeff Alexander at 601.917.7594. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 5:00 PM at the water office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2017, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESUL I	TS .		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic (N	2014*	.0118	.01170118	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	N	2017	65	44 - 65	bbp	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectio	n By	- Product	3	No Range	ppb	0	60	disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016*	4.63	No Range	ppb	0	80	chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2017	1.3	7-1.6	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2017

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576,7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The North Decatur Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE	OF	MISSISSIPPI
COUNT	rv (OF NEWTON

Personally came before me the undersigned authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid Brent Maze, who being by me duly sworn, states on oath that he is the Publisher of *The Newton County Appeal*, a newspaper published in Newton County, Mississippi. A copy of which is hereto attached, has

Appeal, a newspaper published	in Newton County, Miss	issippi. A cop	y of which is hereto attached, has
been made in said paper	times consecutively		
	Vol. No. <u>/69</u>	No. 42	Date 5/16,20 18
For:	Vol. No. /09	No. <u>43</u>	Date 5/23,20/8
North Decatur	Vol. No	No	Date,20
Water	Vol. No	No	Date,20
Association	Vol. No	No	Date,20
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QUALITY REPORT NORTH DECATUR WATER ASSOCIATION PWS#:0510012 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER APRIL 2018

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